Personnel—General

Unfavorable
Information

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SUMMARY of CHANGE

AR 600-37 Unfavorable Information

This revision--

- o Redesignates chapter 5, Responsibilities, as chapter 2, and changes the numbers of chapters 2 through 4 to 3 through 5,
- o Deletes authority for MACOMs to establish suitability evaluation boards for the purpose of determining the disposition of unfavorable information (chap 2).
- o Authorizes officers frocked to brigadier general to issue and direct filing of administrative letters of reprimand (chap 3).
- o Authorizes enlisted supervisors to issue letters of reprimand, but restricts filing (chap 3).
- o Requires that documents that serve as the basis for letters of reprimand be referred to the recipient (chap 3).
- o Deletes portions pertaining to the use of unfavorable information in various files for the purpose of considering bars to favorable personnel actions (chaps 4 and 5).
- o Further defines the organization and procedures of the DA Suitability Evaluation Board with respect to the filing of unfavorable information in the OMPF (chap 6).
- o Further defines the procedures to appeal for the removal of unfavorable information from the OMPF (chap 7).
- o Sets forth (chap 7) new information to supplement AR 27-10 with respect to petitioning for the transfer of records of nonjudicial punishment to the restricted portion of the OMPF on the basis of--
 - -- Intent having been served.
 - --Being in the best interests of the Army.
- o Deletes chapter 8.

*Army Regulation 600-37

Effective 20 January 1987

Personnel—General

Unfavorable Information

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The Adjutant General

History. This UPDATE printing publishes a revision that is effective 20 January1987. Because the structure of the entire revised text has been reorganized, no attempt has been

made to highlight changes from the earlier regulationdated 15 November 1980.

Summary. This regulation prescribes policies and procedures regarding unfavorable information considered for inclusion in official personnel files.

Applicability. This regulation applies to all officerand enlisted personnel in the Active Army, Army National Guard (ARNG)and the U.S. Army Reserve (USAR).

Impact on New Manning System. This regulation does notcontain information that affects the New Manning System.

Army management control process. This regulation is subject to the requirements of AR 11–2. It contains internal control provisions but does not contain checklists for conducting internal control reviews. These checklists are being developed and will be published at a laterdate.

Supplementation. Supplementation of this regulation and establishment of forms other than DA forms are prohibited without priorapproval from the Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff of Personnel,

HQDA(DAPE-MPO), WASH DC 20310-0300.

Interim changes. Interim changes to this publicationare not official unless they are authenticated by The Adjutant General.Users will destroy the interim changes on their expiration dates unlesssooner superseded or rescinded.

Suggested Improvements. The proponent agency of this regulation is the Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel. Users are invited to send comments and suggested improvements on DA Form 2028 (Recommended Changes to Publications and Blank Forms direct to HQDA(DAPE-MPO), WASH DC 20310-0300.

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^{*}This regulation supersedes AR 600-37, 15 November 1980.

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Chapter 1 General

1-1. Purpose

- a. This regulation sets forth policies and procedures to—
- (1) Authorize placement of unfavorable information aboutArmy members in individual official personnel files.
- (2) Ensure that unfavorable information that is unsubstantiated, irrelevant, untimely, or incomplete is not filed in individualofficial personnel files.
- (3) Ensure that the best interests of both the Army andthe soldiers are served by authorizing unfavorable information be placed in and, when appropriate, removed from official personnelfiles.
- b. This regulation also outlines primary staff responsibility for the following (and comparable) offices at all table of organization and equipment and table of distribution and allowances staff levels:
 - (1) Major commands.
 - (2) Office, Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel (ODCSPER).
- (3) Department of the Army (DA) Suitability EvaluationBoard (DASEB).
 - (4) Office, Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence(ACSI).
 - (5) HQDA Staff agencies.
- (6) Law enforcement, personnel security, and intelligenceagencies.

1-2. References

Related publications are listed in appendix A.

1-3. Explanation of abbreviations and terms

Abbreviations and special terms used in this regulation are explained in the glossary.

1-4. Objectives

Objectives of this regulation are to-

- a. Apply fair and just standards to all soldiers.
- b. Protect the rights of individual soldiers and, at the same time, permit the Army to consider all available relevant information when choosing soldiers for positions of leadership, trust, andresponsibility.
- c. Prevent adverse personnel action based on unsubstantiatedderogatory information or mistaken identity.
 - d. Provide a means of correcting injustices if they occur.
- e. Ensure that soldiers of poor moral character are notcontinued in the Service or advanced to positions of leadership,trust, and responsibility.

Chapter 2 Responsibilities

2-1. Major commanders

Major commanders will-

- a. Ensure that subordinate commanders concerned are properlyinformed and take actions prescribed in chapters 4 and 5 of this regulation with reference to unfavorable information concerningmembers of their commands.
- b. Refer cases to the DASEB, when, because of unusual circumstancesor complexities, unfavorable information of a serious nature concerningmembers or former members of their commands cannot properly beacted upon in accordance with their authority.

2-2. Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel

The DCSPER will—

- a. Establish the DASEB as a continuing board under the supervision of the Director of Military Personnel Management (DMPM), ODCSPER, to make determinations about—
 - (1) The filing of unfavorable information in the OMPF.
- (2) Removing information under appeal and petition proceduresin chapter 7.
- b. Monitor DASEB membership and appoint a president asrequired.

- c. Prescribe policies governing operations of the DASEB.
- d. Approve, disapprove, refer to higher authority, ordirect proper action on all adverse DASEB determinations concerningthe filing of unfavorable information in a soldier's OMPF. Also, the DCSPER is authorized to direct similar actions on all other DASEB determinations as deemed proper (ensuring compliance withpara 3–6).
- e. Monitor and coordinate all DASEB activities not otherwiseprescribed.

Note.

Note. The DMPM, ODCSPER, is delegated authority to acton behalf of the DCSPER for the responsibilities in *b*through *e* above, and to further delegate elements of this authority other than that approving the filing of unfavorable information in a soldier's OMPF.

2-3. Department of the Army Suitability Evaluation Board The DASEB—

- a. When cases are referred for deliberation, determineswhether unfavorable information should be filed in the performanceportion of the OMPF. After deliberation, the DASEB may also recommendwhether or not separation or elimination action should be initiated.
- b. Initiates flagging action under AR 600–31 pending a finaldecision on the proposed filing of unfavorable information in theOMPF.
- c. Recommends to the DMPM, ODCSPER, the filing of unfavorableinformation in cases in which the recipient has not satisfactorilyexplained that information after being given an opportunity todo so. The DASEB will not recommend filing of unfavorable informationthat has not been referred to the recipient, even if such filingwould be otherwise permissible under this regulation.
- d. Reviews and evaluates evidence presented to supportappeals for removing unfavorable information from the performanceportion of the OMPF.
- e. Revises, alters, or removes from the OMPF unfavorable information covered by this regulation that is determined upon appeal to be unjust or untrue, in part or in whole (see chap 7).
- f. Transfers from the performance to the restricted portion of the OMPF those administrative letters of reprimand, admonition, or censure that are determined upon appeal to have served their intended purpose, when such transfer would be in the best interest of the Army. Transfer of such letters is subject to stipulations noted in paragraph 7-2b(1), (2), (3), and (4).
- g. Transfers from the performance to the restricted portion of the OMPF records of nonjudicial punishment (Article 15) that are determined upon petition to have served their intended purpose when such transfer would be in the best interest of the Army. Transfer of such records is subject to stipulations noted in paragraph 7-2c(1) and (2).

2-4. Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence ACSI will—

a. Ensure that the U.S. Army Intelligence and SecurityCommand (USAISC) provides assistance needed by the DASEB by makingfiles available as required.

b. Set forth procedures to release information from intelligenceand personnel security files to commanders and the DASEB.

2-5. Army Staff agencies

Army Staff agencies will-

- a. Screen official records continuously for suitabilityinformation and refer cases that they are unable to resolve tothe DASEB.
- b. Take action needed to carry out the DASEB or DCSPERdecision on cases that have been reviewed or referred to them byhigher authority.

2-6. Law enforcement, personnel security, and intelligenceagencies

Agencies responsible for releasing information from intelligence, personnel security, and investigative files will act under theprocedures governing the use of investigative records outlinedin this regulation. (AR 190–45, AR 340–21, AR 381–45, AR 40–66, and AR 40–400 also apply.)

- a. Law enforcement agencies will (according to chapter5 of this regulation, AR 190-45, and AR 195-2)—
- (1) Advise the DASEB (or other proper HQDA adjudicatingagency), upon request, when unfavorable information provided forcriminal justice action exists on an individual.
- (2) Provide file copies (or extracts thereof) to these requesters, as appropriate.
- (3) Ensure that the decisions of adjudicating agencies relative to information provided are attached to the file report.
- b. Commander, U.S. Army Central Personnel Security ClearanceFacility (CCF) will (under chap 3 of this regulation and AR 604–5)—
- (1) Advise the DASEB (or other proper HQDA adjudicatingagency) regarding unfavorable information or cases of denial orrevocation of security clearance involving senior enlisted (E6or above), commissioned, or warrant officer personnel.
- (2) With the exception of U.S. Army Investigative RecordsRepository (USAIRR) dossiers, provide file copies or information to major commanders, the DASEB, or other HQDA adjudicating agencies when requested. USAIRR dossiers may be requested by the above agencies accordance with AR 381–45.
- (3) Provide Notification concerning all cases of denialor revocation of security clearance involving senior enlisted (E6or above), commissioned, or warrant officer personnel to the properpersonnel management agency at the U.S. Army Military PersonnelCenter (MILPERCEN), the U.S. Army Reserve Personnel Center (ARPERCEN), or the National Guard Bureau (NGB).
- (4) Ensure that unfavorable information received afterreview by an adjudicating agency is identifiable for later review.

Chapter 3 Unfavorable Information in Official Personnel Files

3-1. General

- a. Personnel management decisions will be based on the following:
 - (1) Review of official personnel files.
- (2) The knowledge and best judgment of the commander, board, or other responsible authority. (Both favorable and unfavorable information regarding the soldier concerned will be considered.)
- b. Personnel decisions that may result in selecting soldiersfor positions of public trust and responsibility, or vesting suchpersons with authority over others, should be based on a thoroughreview of their records. This review will include an appraisal of both favorable and unfavorable information available.

3-2. Policies

a. Except as indicated in paragraph 3–3, unfavorable information-will not be filed in an official personnel file unless the recipienthas been given the chance to review the documentation that servesas the basis for the proposed filing and make a written statement,or to decline, in writing, to make such a statement. This statementmay include evidence that rebuts, explains, or mitigates the unfavorable information. (See para 3–6.) The issuing authority should fully affirm and document unfavorable information to be considered for inclusion in official personnel files.

Note

Note. The privileged and confidentialnature of information in inspector general IG records requiresspecial attention. Provisions for requesting access and use of IG reports are addressed in AR 20–1.)

- b. Unfavorable information filed in official personnelfiles must meet Privacy Act standards of accuracy, relevance, timeliness, and completeness. (See AR 340–21.) Access to official personnel fileswill be granted to the person concerned under AR 340–21.
- c. Unfavorable information that should be filed in officialpersonnel files includes indications of substandard leadershipability, promotion potential, morals, and integrity. These mustbe identified early and shown in those permanent official personnelrecords that

- are available to personnel managers and selectionboard members for use in making such personnel decisions as described paragraph 3-1b. Other unfavorable character traits of a permanent nature should be similarly recorded.
- d. Unfavorable information that has been directed for filingin the restricted portion of the OMPF may be considered in makingdeterminations under this regulation.
- e. Refusal to consent to a polygraph examination will notbe recorded in official personnel files.

3-3. Filing of information exempt from the referral procedure

The following information may be filed in the performance portion the OMPF without further referral to the recipient:

- a. Records of courts-martial, court-martial orders, andrecords of nonjudicial punishment under the Uniform Code of MilitaryJustice (UCMJ), Article 15. (See AR 27–10 and AR 640–10.)
- b. Proceedings of boards of officers, if it is clear thatthe recipient has been given a chance to present evidence and cross-examinewitnesses in his or her own behalf.
- c. Completed investigative reports. These include criminalinvestigation reports (or authenticated extracts) that have resultedin elimination or disciplinary action against the person concerned. When it is not practical to include the entire report (or an extract), the investigative report will be referenced.
- d. Records of civilian convictions (to include the recordof arrest), or extracts thereof, authenticated by civilian authorities. However, records consisting solely of minor traffic convictions are not to be filed in the OMPF.
- e. Officer and enlisted evaluation reports. Administrative processing and the appeal of evaluation instruments are governed by AR 623–1, AR 623–105, and AR 623–205. Filing of evaluation instruments governed by AR 640–10.
- f. Other unfavorable information of which the recipienthad prior official knowledge (as prescribed by para 3–6) and anadequate chance to refute. The notation "AR 600–37 complied with" will be entered below the filing authority on such unfavorable information.
- g. Internal staff actions and working papers within andamong personnel management offices and personnel decision makersat HQDA. (Applies to the Career management individual file (CMIF)only according to AR 640–10.)

3-4. Filing of nonpunitive administrative letters of reprimand, admonition, or censure in official personnel files

- a. Filing in the military personnel records jacket (MPRJ). Authority to issue and direct the filing of letters of reprimand, admonition, and censure in the MPRJ (after referral to the personconcerned according to para 3–6) is outlined in (1) and (2) below. If filing is intended for the MPRJ, the letter need not be referred to a higher authority for review.
- (1) Authority to issue and direct the filing of such lettersin the MPRJs of enlisted personnel is restricted to the recipient'simmediate commander (or a higher commander in his or her chainof command), school commandants, any general officer (to includethose frocked to the rank of brigadier general) or an officer exercisinggeneral court-martial jurisdiction over the recipient. Immediatesupervisors of enlisted personnel also have authority to issueletters of reprimand; but only if serving in one of the capacitieslisted above may they also direct filing in the MPRJ.
- (2) Authority to issue and direct the filing of such letters in the MPRJ of commissioned officers and warrant officers is restricted to—
- (a) The recipient's immediate commander or a higher levelcommander in the chain of command (if such commander is seniorin grade or date of rank to the recipient).
- (b) The designated rater, intermediate rater, or seniorrater under the officer evaluation reporting system (AR 623–105).
- (c) Any general officer (to include one frocked to therank of brigadier general) who is senior to the recipient or anofficer who exercises general court-martial jurisdiction over therecipient.

- (3) A letter designated for filing in the MPRJ only maybe filed for a period not to exceed 3 years or until reassignment of the recipient to another general court-martial jurisdiction, whichever is sooner. Such a letter will state the length of timeit is to remain in the MPRJ.
- (4) Statements furnished by the recipient following referralunder paragraph 3-6 will be attached to the letter for filing inthe MPRJ.
- b. Filing in OMPF. A letter, regardless of theissuing authority, may be filed in the OMPF kept by MILPERCEN, ARPERCEN, or the proper State Adjutant General (for Army NationalGuard personnel) only upon the order of a general officer (to includeone frocked to the rank of brigadier general) senior to the recipientor by direction of an officer having general court-martial jurisdictionover the individual. Letters filed in the OMPF will be filed onthe performance portion (P-fiche). The direction for filing in theOMPF will be contained in an endorsement or addendum to the letter. A letter to be included in a soldier's OMPF will—
- (1) Be referred to the recipient concerned for commentaccording to paragraph 3–6. The referral will include reference to the intended filing of the letter.
- (a) This referral will also include and list applicableportions of investigations, reports, and other documents that serve,in part or in whole, as the basis for the letter, providing therecipient was not previously provided an opportunity to respondto information reflected in that documentation. Additionally, documents,the release of which requires approval of officials or agenciesother than the official issuing the letter, will not be released to the recipient until such approval is obtained.
- (b) Statements and other evidence furnished by the recipientwill be reviewed and considered by the officer authorized to directfiling in the OMPF. This will be done before a final determinationis made to file the letter. Should filing in the OMPF be directed, the statements and evidence, or facsimiles thereof, may be attachedas enclosures to the basic letter.
- (c) If it is desired to file allied documents with theletter, these documents must also be referred to the recipientfor comment. This includes statements, previous reprimands, admonitions,or censure. Allied documents must also be specifically referencedin the letter or referral document. Care must be exercised to ensureadditional unfavorable information is not included in the transmittaldocumentation unless it has been properly referred for comment.
- (2) Contain a statement that indicates it has been imposed an administrative measure and not as a punishment under UCMJ,Article 15.
- (3) Be signed by (or sent under the cover or signatureof) an officer authorized to direct such filing.
- (4) Be forwarded for inclusion in the performance portion of the OMPF only after considering the circumstances and alternativenon-punitive measures. Minor behavior infractions or honest mistakes-chargeable to sincere but misguided efforts will not normally berecorded in a soldier's OMPF. Once placed in the OMPF, however, such correspondence will be permanently filed unless removed throughthe appeal process. (See chap 7.)
- (5) Also be filed in the MPRJ. Such copy will remain in the MPRJ so long as the letter remains filed in the performance fiche of the OMPF.
- c. Decisions against filing letters in the OMPF. If the general officer (or general court-martial authority) electsnot to place the letter in the OMPF, the correspondence will bereturned to the person writing the letter. That soldier will advisethe recipient of the letter of the decision not to file the letterin the OMPF. The letter may, however, still be directed for filing(by proper authority) in the recipient's MPRJ. (See aabove.) The specific period of time for which the letter will remainin the MPRJ will be specified.
- d. Circumstances affecting the imposition or processing of administrative letters of reprimand.
- (1) When a soldier leaves the chain of command or supervisionafter a commander or supervisor has announced the intent to impose a reprimand, but before the reprimand has been imposed, the

- actionmay be processed to completion by the losing command. When completed, the letter will be forwarded to the gaining commander with a recommendation for filing. The final filing determination will be made by the individual's current (gaining) commander.
- (2) When the reprimanding official leaves the chain ofcommand or supervision after stating in writing the intent to impose a reprimand, his or her successor may complete appropriate action the reprimand. In such cases, the successor should be familiar with relevant information about the proposed reprimand.
- (3) When a former commander or supervisor discovers misconductwarranting a reprimand, an admonition, or censure, he or she may—
- (a) Send pertinent information to the individual's currentcommander for action.
- (b) Personally initiate and process a letter of reprimand,admonition, or censure as if the former command or supervisoryrelationship continued. In such cases, further review (if needed)will be accomplished in the recipient's current chain of command.Officials should consider the timeliness and relevance of the adverseinformation before taking administrative action at the later date.
- e. Reprimands and admonitions imposed as nonjudicialpunishment (UCMJ, Article 15) These are governed by AR 27–10, chapter 3
 - f. Change from enlisted to officer status.
- (1) If a status change from enlisted to commissioned orwarrant officer was approved on or after 16 December1980—
- (a) Letters of reprimand, admonition, or censure receivedwhile in an enlisted status which are filed in the performanceportion of the OMPF will be moved to the restricted portion of the OMPF.
 - (b) Letters filed in the MPRJ will be removed.
- (2) If a status change from enlisted to commissioned orwarrant officer was approved on or before 15 December1980 and the individual so requests—
- (a) Letters of reprimand, admonition, or censure receivedwhile in an enlisted status which are filed in the performanceportion of the OMPF will be moved to the restricted portion of the OMPF.
 - (b) Letters filed in the MPRJ will be removed.
- (3) Requests under (2) above will not be a basis for reconsideration by a special selection board.

3-5. Anonymous communications

Anonymous communications will not be filed in a soldier's MPRJ, OMPF, or CMIF unless, after investigation or inquiry, they arefound to be true, relevant, and fully proven or supported. If notexempted under paragraph 3–3, the information must be referred to the soldier according to paragraph 3–6 before such informationis filed in the MPRJ, OMPF, or CMIF.

3-6. Referral of information

- a. Except as provided in paragraph 3–3, unfavorable information-will be referred to the recipient for information and acknowledgmentof his or her rebuttal opportunity. Acknowledgement and rebuttalcomments or documents will be submitted generally in the followingform:
- (1) "I have read and understand the unfavorable informationpresented against me and submit the following statement or documentsin my behalf:"
- (2) "I have read and understand the unfavorable informationpresented against me and elect not to make a statement."
- b. If a recipient refuses to acknowledge the referral ofunfavorable information, the reprimanding official will preparethe following statement: "On (date), (name) has been presented with the unfavorable information and refuses to acknowledgeby signature." The letter can then be directed for filing per paragraph3–4.

Chapter 4 Unfavorable Information in Intelligence and Personnel SecurityFiles

4-1. Unresolved unfavorable information

This chapter sets forth provisions for disposition of unresolved unfavorable information in intelligence and personnel security files.

4-2. Security information

Derogatory information concerning loyalty and subversion (AR 604–10 chapter2) will be processed as set forth in that regulation.

4-3. Security clearance

Commanders will ensure that security clearances are not suspended inlieu of punishment under the UCMJ or other disciplinary measures. Denialor revocation of a security clearance will not be used as a punishmentor disciplinary measure. Action to deny or revoke a security clearancewill be taken only by the (CCF). (See AR 604–5.)

4-4. Resolution of unfavorable information in intelligence and personnel security files

- a. Commander's responsibility. When a commander learnsof unfavorable information from intelligence, personnel security files, and security investigations, or any other credible source, he or shewill take one or more of the following actions;
- (1) Suspend access to classified information, initiate investigationunder AR 15–6, AR 604–5, AR 604–10, or AR 381–20, and forward the resultsto Commander, U.S. Army Central Personnel Security Clearance Facility(ATTN: PCCF–M), Fort Meade, Maryland 20755–5250, in accordance with AR604–5.
- (2) Notify the CCF to initiate security clearance revocationprocedures, if appropriate, by sending a Letter of Intent. If the securityclearance was not previously suspended, it will be suspended upon receiptof the Letter of Intent or upon receipt of notification from CCF to suspendaccess.
- (3) Refer any case involving a soldier in a position of leadership, trust, or responsibility, as defined below, whose security clearancehas been denied or revoked, to the DASEB. The board will decide whatunfavorable information, if any, will be made a part of the recipient'sofficial personnel files. For purposes of this paragraph, the following personnel are deemed to be in positions of leadership, trust, or responsibility:All noncommissioned officers, E–6 and above, and all warrant and commissionedofficers.
- (4) Consider appropriate action underAR 135–175, AR 135–178, AR 604–10, AR 635–100, AR 635–120, AR 635–200, or the UCMJ.
 - (5) Reassign the person to a nonsensitive position.
- b. Procedures for resolution. In connection with a(1),(2), (3), and (4) above, the following procedures apply:
- (1) Forward unfavorable information involving elements of espionage, sabotage, treason, sedition, or criminal subversion, to Commander, U.S.Army Central Personnel Security Clearance Facility (ATTN: PCCF–M), FortMeade, Maryland 20755–5250, for action under AR 604–5 or 604–10.
- (2) If the unfavorable information involves suitability issues(e.g., financial difficulties or morals), prepare a request for SpecialInvestigative Inquiry per 604–5 and submit it to the Defense InvestigativeService to resolve the issue.
- (3) Commanders may use added investigative resources available to the commander, such as military police, inspector general, CriminalInvestigation Command, and investigating officers or a board of officers who may investigate matters within their assigned area of responsibility.
- c. Suspension of favorable personnel action. Suspension of favorable personnel action (under AR 600–31) will be considered inconnection with a(1), (2), and (3) above.

4–5. Access to intelligence and personnel security files AR 340–21and AR 381–45 set forth procedures for gaining access to intelligenceand personnel security files.

4-6. Use of intelligence and personnel security files in personnelactions.

- a. Intelligence and personnel security files are not a part of the military personnel records system as prescribed by AR 640–10. However, to ensure that the Army's interests are protected when selecting a soldier for a position of leadership, trust, and responsibility—
- (1) Correlate significant verified information with informationin personnel files.
- personnel files.

 (2) Make all information available to personnel decision makers.
- b. Current intelligence and personnel security files may haveunevaluated and dormant information of a nature that the person concernedmight not have had a chance to comment upon. These files also have sensitive information. If disclosed prematurely, the information could jeopardize current investigations or sources of information. For these reasons, intelligence and personnel security files are not furnished to promotion selection boards or other personnel decision makers except as follows:
- (1) The DASEB, as outlined in chapters 2 and 6. This board doesnot make personnel decisions; it merely determines what information willbe considered for possible filing in official personnel files.
- (2) Personnel managers in highly intensified personnel managementareas as designated by the Secretary of the Army, the Chief of Staffof the Army, or the Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel.
 - (3) As the Secretary of the Army may direct.

Chapter 5 Unfavorable Information in Army Law Enforcement Files

5-1. Authorities for filing and using unfavorable information

Statutory or regulatory authorities govern the filing and use of unfavorablematerial in military police or U.S. Army Criminal Investigation Command(USACIDC) crime records. (See 5 U.S.C. 552a, AR 340–21 AR 195–5, AR 190–45, and AR 195–6; also see para's 2–2 and 2–4 of this regulation.) This chapterprescribes procedures for the disposition and referral of, and accessto, information in Army law enforcement files.

5-2. Disposition of information in law enforcement files

- a. Criminal justice action. Copies of criminal investigative case files, military police reports, or information from these filesor reports are provided commanders by law enforcement agencies for criminal justice disposition and ancillary actions.
- (1) Criminal justice disposition. As a result of commandconsideration, criminal justice disposition proceeds to one of the categories listed below. To this end, the proper authority may—
 - (a) Start court-martial action.
 - (b) Start action under the UCMJ, Article 15.
 - (c) Decline to consider further criminal justice proceedings.
- (2) Ancillary action. The actions described beloware not considered to replace criminal justice disposition, but are, properly stated, independent of criminal justice disposition.
- (a) Action to suspend favorable personnel actions reported according to AR 600-31.
- (b) Elimination action under AR 135-175, AR 635-100, or AR 635-200.
- (c) Action to suspend or deny access to classified information under AR 604–5 and, if needed, investigation under AR 381–20 to obtain more facts in the case.
 - (d) Other administrative action, as appropriate.
- b. Noncriminal justice action. Independent of completing criminal justice disposition (as listed in a(1) above), Armyreview of criminal investigative or military police cases about subjectpersonnel, for suitability consideration, may result in action underone or more of the categories listed below.

- (1) Elimination action under AR 135–175, AR 635–100, or AR 635–200.
- (2) Action to suspend or deny access to classified informationunder AR 604-5 and, if needed, investigation under AR 381-20 to developthe facts of the case.
 - (3) Favorable closing of the case.

5-3. Access to law enforcement investigative files

- a. AR 190–45, AR 195–2, AR 195–6, AR 340–17, and AR 340–21 setforth procedures for gaining access to law enforcement investigative files.
- b. Law enforcement records and reports are not a part of themilitary personnel records system as prescribed by AR 640-10.
- (1) To ensure that commanders and supervisors take proper actionas described in paragraph 5–2, information from criminal investigative and military police files is exchanged between USACIDC or military policeelements and the commanders whom they support.
- (2) AR 190–45, AR 195–2, AR 195–6, and AR 340–21 set forth proceduresto preclude the release of unfavorable information for purposes otherthan those described in paragraph 5–2.
- (3) These safeguards do not preclude proper dissemination ofinformation in law enforcement files outside of law enforcement or commandchannels when that information indicates that—
 - (a) An offense is imminent; or
- (b) Dissemination of the information is necessary to protectnational security or the security of U.S. Army personnel, activities, or installations; or
 - (c) Such dissemination is required by law or regulation.
- c. Release of information about an ongoing Army law enforcementinvestigation requires careful consideration of the following:
 - (1) The particular need for the information requested.
 - (2) The need to avoid dissemination of unproved allegations.
 - (3) The requirement to protect a suspect's legal rights.
- (4) The maintenance of the integrity and effectiveness of thein-vestigation. (See AR 190-45 and AR 195-2.)
- d. Criminal record data related to uses described by paragraph5–2 are not provided Army selection boards or other personnel decision-makers before initial determination of guilt based on criminal-justicedisposition. Exceptions are as follows:
- (1) DASEB as outlined in chapters 2 and 6, subject to restrictionsthat may be imposed concerning secondary release.
- (2) Personnel managers of intensified personnel management areas, specifically designated by the Secretary of the Army, the Chief of Staffof the Army, or the DCSPER.
 - (3) As the Secretary of the Army may direct.

Chapter 6 Organization and Procedures of the Department of the Army SuitabilityEvaluation Board (DASEB)

6-1. Board membership and voting procedures

- a. The DASEB will consist of commissioned officers in the rankof colonel or lieutenant colonel (promotable). The board membership willinclude an enlisted member when considering cases involving enlistedpersonnel. A quorum will be not less than three active members for eachcase considered. Determination and recommendations will be by majorityvote.
- b. Voting members on any case will be senior in rank to any personwhose case is being reviewed and evaluated. No DASEB member will voteon a case in which he or she was personally involved or in which he orshe knowingly has any bias.

6-2. Adverse suitability information

a. The DASEB is authorized direct communication with all commanders, agencies, and individuals. Normally, cases referred to the DASEB arethe result of revocation or denial of the security clearance of seniorenlisted members (E–6 and above), officers, and warrant officers. However, commanders may also refer cases to the

- DASEB, but only when resolution of the case is not practical under provisions of other regulatory policies and procedures.
- b. The DASEB may find that adverse suitability information canbest be resolved by returning the case to the chain of command. In suchcases, the DASEB will make a proper recommendation to the

6-3. DASEB review of case records

- a. The DASEB will review and evaluate the records of each casereferred to the board. The purpose of this review and evaluation is todetermine if there is unfavorable information (as defined in the glossary)in those records of such a serious nature that it should, unless properlyexplained, be made a part of the OMPF for use by personnel managers and selection boards. In some cases, a single incident may be of such a serious nature as to warrant its consideration in the selection and assignment process. In others, a series of lesser incidents may connote a pattern of behavior that—
- (1) May unfavorably reflect on a soldier's character, integrity, trustworthiness, or reliability.
- (2) Should be recorded if not adequately explained by the personconcerned.
- b. Documents containing unfavorable information must bear sufficiently dence of credibility (see the glossary).
- c. Prior decisions made by commanders, courts-martial, eliminationboards, or other authorities will not relieve the DASEB of the responsibility to proceed in an impartial and independent manner. Further, AR 15–6 doesnot apply to DASEB proceeding. Based on its case review and analysis, the DASEB will make one of the following determinations:
- (1) The unfavorable information is already adequately reflected in the OMPF so as to be meaningful to personnel managers and selectionboards. Therefore, the case may be closed without further action except properly notify the sender of this determination.
- (2) The unfavorable information either is not of such a seriousnature or is not of the type that should be filed in the OMPF. Therefore, the case may be closed without further action except to properly notify the sender of this determination.
- (3) The unfavorable information is of such a serious natureas to apparently warrant, unless adequately explained or rebutted, filingin a recipient's OMPF. In such cases, a notification letter will be sentto the recipient, in which his or her rights are explained. The letterwill include the unfavorable information proposed for filing in the OMPF. The recipient must be given a chance to review the evidence against himor her and to submit a written rebuttal or explanation for the board'sconsideration before any adverse finding or recommendation is made.

6-4. DASEB filing determinations

- a. The DASEB will review and consider the recipient's responseor rebuttal to the proposed filing of a case summary of unfavorable information his or her OMPF. The DASEB will adequately document its findings, conclusions, and recommendations. The DASEB will make one of the following recommendations:
- (1) The unfavorable information should be made a part of theperformance portion of the OMPF for consideration in personnel decisions. The DASEB may also recommend initiation of separation or eliminationaction based on the unfavorable information. The DMPM, on behalf of the DCSPER, is the decision authority for filing unfavorable informationin the OMPF. The DMPM may also recommend that separation or elimination considered, but such action may be initiated only by the proper official.
- (2) The unfavorable information should be edited, based on the explanation or rebuttal, and the remaining information should be madea part of the performance portion of the OMPF for consideration in personnel decisions. The DASEB may also recommend initiation of separation or elimination action, based on the remaining information. Such recommendations are subject to the same approval authority as specified in (1) above.
- (3) The unfavorable information should not be included in theperformance portion of the OMPF. Unless otherwise withheld by

the DMPM,the DASEB has decision authority to close such cases favorably and tonotify the referring agency of the outcome.

b. For cases involving ARNG or USAR personnel not on active duty, adverse filing recommendations made by the DASEB will be routed throughthe Director, Army National Guard, or the Chief, Army Reserve, as appropriate to the DMPM for final decision.

Chapter 7 Appeals and Petitions

7-1. Removal of unfavorable information from official personnelfiles

Appeals and petitions for removal of unfavorable information areto be directed to the DASEB. This chapter sets forth the policies and procedures whereby a person may seek removal of unfavorable information from official personnel files.

7-2. Policies and standards

- a. Appeals for removal of OMPF entries. Oncean official document has been properly filed in the OMPF, it is presumed to be administratively correct and to have been filedpursuant to an objective decision by competent authority. Thereafter, the burden of proof rests with the individual concerned to provideevidence of a clear and convincing nature that the document isuntrue or unjust, in whole or in part, thereby warranting its alterationor removal from the OMPF. Normally, consideration of appeals is restricted to grades E6 and above, to officers, and to warrantofficers. Although any soldier may appeal the inclusion of a documentplaced in his or her file under this regulation, the appeals of soldiers in grades below E-6 will only be considered as an exceptionto policy. This does not include documents that have their ownregulatory appeal authority such as evaluation reports and court-martialorders. Appeals that merely allege an injustice or error withoutsupporting evidence are not acceptable and will not be considered.
 - b. Appeals for transfers of OMPF entries.
- (1) Only letters of reprimand, admonition, or censuremay be the subject of an appeal for transfer to the restrictedfiche. Normally, such appeals will be considered only from soldiersin grades E–6 and above, officers, and warrant officers. (At lowergrades, the OMPF is not used for centralized selection purposes.)In addition to the cases cited in *a* above, suchdocuments may be appealed on the basis of proof that their intended purpose has been served and that their transfer would be in the best interest of the Army.The burden of proof rests with the recipient to provide substantialevidence that these conditions have been met.
- (2) Appeals approved under this provision will resultin transfer of the document from the performance record to therestricted portion of the OMPF. However, the transfer of administrativeletters of reprimand, admonition, or censure to the restricted portion of the OMPF will not normally serve as the sole basis for promotion reconsideration by a special board, unless approved by the DMPM as a justified exception to policy.
- (3) Appeals submitted under this provision will normallybe returned without action unless at least 1 year has elapsed sinceimposition of the letter and at least one evaluation report, otherthan academic, has been received in the interim.
- (4) If an appeal is denied under this provision (including those not accepted, as provided in a above) a copy of the letter of notification regarding this outcome will be placed in the commendatory and disciplinary portion of the performance record. The appeal will be placed in the restricted portion of the OMPF.
 - c. Petition for transfer of Articles 15. (SeeAR 27–10, para 3–43.)
- (1) This provision is limited to records of nonjudicialpunishment imposed under the provisions of Article 15, UCMJ, andapplies only to members in grades E-6 and above, officers, andwarrant officers. Records of nonjudicial punishment may be transferredupon proof that their intended purpose has been served or that their transfer would be in the best interest of the Army. The burdenof proof rests

- with the soldier concerned to provide substantialevidence that these conditions have been met. Claims that an Article15 is untrue or unjust, in whole or in part, will not be consideredunder this paragraph. The authority to adjudicate such claims restswith the Army Board for Correction of Military Records (ABCMR),under AR 15–185, after the recipient has exhausted other meansfor administrative remedy as contained in AR 27–10 (less para 3–43).
- (2) The provisions b(2), (3), and (4) above apply equally to Article 15 petitions.
- d. Appeal and petition authority. The DASEB hasbeen established as the appeal and petition authority for unfavorableinformation entered in the OMPF under this regulation (see para7–4 reference MPRJ appeals). In the resolution of appeals and petitions—
- (1) The process is administrative and non-adversarialin nature AR 15-6 does not apply.
- (2) Appellants and petitioners, or those on their behalf, are not authorized to appear in person before the DASEB.
- (3) The DASEB may request and consider any files, records, and reports believed to have relevance to a case under consideration. (See the glossary for crime records; official personnel files; and intelligence and personnel security, law enforcement, and otherinvestigative files.) If the DASEB uses unfavorable information derived from investigative files or criminal records as the basis, in part or in whole, for denial of an appeal or petition, the soldier concerned will be
 - (a) Notified of such use.
 - (b) Provided a copy of the source document.
- (c) Permitted to re-appeal or petition if that unfavorable information can be satisfactorily explained or rebutted.
- (4) The DASEB may obtain corroboration from the appellant/petitioner, soldiers in the chain of command, or anyonethought to have firsthand knowledge relevant to a case. An appellant/petitioner will generally be contacted, as necessary, by official correspondence.
 - e. Appeals/petitions. These must-
- (1) Be submitted by the appellant, in writing. (See exceptionat f below.)
 - (2) Be accompanied by relevant, substantive evidence.
- f. An officer who directed the filing in the OMPF of anadministrative letter of reprimand, admonition, or censure mayrequest its revision, alteration, or removal, if later investigationdetermines it was untrue or unjust, in whole or in part. The basisfor such determination must be provided the DASEB in sufficientdetail so as to justify the request. An officer who directed thefiling of such a letter in the OMPF may not initiate an appealon the basis that the letter has served its intended purpose. However, a letter of support may be submitted with the recipient's appeal.

7-3. Processing appeals and petitions-OMPF

- a. Active Army personnel.
- (1) Appeals and petitions (in military letter format)should be prepared and sent directly to the President, DA SuitabilityEvaluation Board (HQDA (DAPE-MPC-E) WASH, DC 20310-0300).
- (2) The DASEB will review and evaluate the evidence availableand make final determinations within that authority not otherwisewithheld by the DMPM, ODCSPER. The DASEB will make recommendations to the DMPM on cases withheld to his or her authority.
 - b. Reserve Component personnel.
- (1) Appeals submitted by USAR officer and enlisted personnelnot on active duty are normally processed through the Commander, Army Reserve Personnel Center (ARPERCEN). The Commander, ARPERCENwill refer the appeal through the Office of the Chief, Army Reserve(DAAR-PE), to the DCSPER (DAPE-MPC-E) with a recommendation. TheDASEB will then review and evaluate the appeal.
- (2) Appeals submitted by Army National Guard officersand enlisted personnel not on active duty will be processed throughthe proper State adjutant general and the Chief, National GuardBureau to the DCSPER (DAPE–MPC–E) for action.

7-4. Processing appeals-MPRJ

Appeals to remove letters of reprimand, admonition, or censurefrom the MPRJ will not be sent to the DASEB. Authority to removesuch a letter from the MPRJ before the end of the period specified in the letter is vested in the following:

- a. The officer having general court-martial jurisdictionover the recipient (Active Army personnel); the Commander, ARPER-CEN(USAR personnel not on active duty and retired Army personnel whoseofficial personnel files are kept by ARPERCEN); and the StateAdjutant General (ARNG personnel not on active duty).
- b. The individual who first directed that the letter befiled in the MPRJ or a higher level commander in the chain of commandin which the letter was issued.

7-5. Amendment rights

This regulation does not limit or restrict a soldier's right torequest amendment of his or her records under the Privacy Act andAR 340–21. Neither does it limit nor restrict the authority of the DASEB to act as an Access and Amendment Refusal Authority underAR 340–21.

7-6. Correction of military records

AR 15–185 contains policy and procedures for applying to the ABCMRand for correcting military records by the Secretary of the Army.Applications should be sent to the ABCMR to correct an error orremove an injustice only after all means of administrative appealhave been exhausted. This includes appeal action under this chapter.

Appendix A Related Publicatios

Section I

Required Publications

A related publication is merely a source of additional information. The user does not have to read it to understand the regulation.

AR 15-6

Procedures for Investigating Officers and Boards of Officers

AR 15-185

Army Board for Correction of Military Records

AR 20-1

Inspector General Activities and Procedures

AR 27-10

Military Justice

AR 40-66

Medical Record and Quality Assurance Administration

AR 40-400

Patient Administration

AR 135-175

Separation of Officers

AR 135-178

Separation of Enlisted Personnel

AR 190-45

Records and Forms

AR 195-2

Criminal Investigation Activities

AR 195-5

Evidence Procedures

AR 195-6

Department of the Army Polygraph Activities

AR 340-17

Release of Information and Records from Army Files

AR 340-21

The Army Privacy Program

AR 381-20

U.S. Army Counterintelligence (CI) Activities

AR 381-45

Investigative Records Repository (IRR)

AR 600-31

Suspension of Favorable Personnel Actions for Military Personnelin National Security Cases and Other Investigations or Proceedings

AR 604-5

DA Personnel Security Program

AR 604-10

Military Personnel Security Program

AR 623-105

Officer Evaluation Reporting System

AR 623-205

Enlisted Evaluation Reporting System

AR 623-100

Officer Personnel

AR 635-120

Officer Resignations and Discharges

AR 635-200

Enlisted Personnel

Section

Referenced Forms

AR 640-10

Individual Military Personnel Records

Glossary

Section I Abbreviations

ABCMR

Army Board for Correction of Military Records

ACSI

Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence

ARNG

Army National Guard

ARPERCEN

U.S. Army Reserve Personnel Center

CCF

U.S. Army Central Personnel Security Clearance Facility

CID

Criminal Investigation Division

CMIF

career management individual file

DA

Department of the Army

DASEB

DA Suitability Evaluation Board

DCSPER

Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel

рмрм

Director of Military Personnel Management

HODA

Headquarters, Department of the Army

IG

Inspector General

MILPERCEN

U.S. Army Military Personnel Center

MP

military police

MPR.I

military personnel records jacket

NGB

National Guard Bureau

ODCSPER

Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel

OMPF

official military personnel file

UCMJ

Uniform Code of Military Justice

USACIDC

U.S. Army Criminal Investigation Command

USAIRR

U.S. Army Investigative Records Repository

USAISC

U.S. Army Intelligence and Security Command

USAR

U.S. Army Reserve

Section II

Terms

Ancillary action

Action attendant to or subsequent to criminal justice action.

Crime records

CID reports of investigation, military police (MP) reports, and otherreports maintained by (or belonging to) USACIDC. (Example: CID and MP reportskept at the USACIDC Crime Records Center.)

Favorable personnel action

- a. Any personnel or career management decision that enhances asoldier's status or position. Included are—
 - ((1) Promotions.
 - ((2) Regular Army appointments.
 - ((3) Selection for schooling.
 - ((4) Entry or continuation on active duty.
- ((5) Awards, decorations, and commendations.
 - ((6) Reassignment.
 - ((7) Retirement.
- ((8) Separation or release from active duty.
 - ((9) Reenlistment.
- b. Although the granting of a security clearance is a "favorable personnel action," it is not governed by this regulation. (See AR 604–5.)

Intelligence and personnel security, law enforcement, and other investigativefiles

Reports, dossiers, and case materials (in documents or data banks)that belong to intelligence, law enforcement, or other investigative agencies. (Examples: files of the USAIRR, the USACIDC Crime Records Center, those pertaining to investigations conducted by general courts-martial authorities, and IGfiles at all echelons.)

Major commands

In addition to the designated major Army commands, separate DA agencies and activities, CONUS armies, the U.S. Army Recruiting Command, the U.S. Military Entrance Processing Command, and Army General and Special Staffagencies are considered major commands for the purpose of processing cases under this regulation.

Official personnel files

These include the official military personnel file (OMPF), careermanagement individual file (CMIF), and the military personnel records jacket(MPRJ). Also included are reports, forms, and records (in documents or

databanks) maintained by the Army under AR 640–10 and AR 640–2–1 for considerationwhen making personnel management decisions affecting the person concerned. The term "official personnel files" does not include crime records (see "crime records" above).

Recipient

A soldier who has had unfavorable information referred to him or herfor refutal, explanation, or comment; who has received a letter of reprimand, admonition, or censure in accordance with this regulation; or who has otherwisebeen the subject of an adverse action, the resolution of which may implicate the provisions of this regulation.

Unfavorable information

There are no special terms.

Any credible derogatory information that may reflect on a soldier'scharacter, integrity, trustworthiness, or reliability.

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